**ROMANS Lesson 14**

**Read Chapter 4: 15-20 and answer the following questions?**

1. In verse 15, why does the law bring forth wrath?
2. What’s the difference between a sin and a transgression?
3. Fill in the blank:
   1. First, that it takes \_\_\_law to bring forth \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of it,—though sin may be present. There can be no \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of a \_\_\_law which exists not. The absence of \_\_\_law is the absence of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The entrance of \_\_\_ (in the case of a fallen being) is the entrance of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
   2. Second that there may be Divine dispensations where \_\_\_ is not the principle of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with God.
   3. Third, that to come into a spiritual place where there will be “no \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_,” men must be removed completely from under the principle of \_\_\_.
   4. Fourth, that only the place of freedom from \_\_\_ is the place of the inheritance.
4. How is the promise of salvation guaranteed?
5. Who are your 3 fathers?
6. Explain why the phrase,*7  …., even God, who gives life to the dead and calls into being that which does not exist*. Is important to us?
7. How would the above phrase strengthen one’s faith?
8. How does Vv 19 possibly negate faith?
9. Does becoming a person of faith make you a stranger and a pilgrim on this earth?