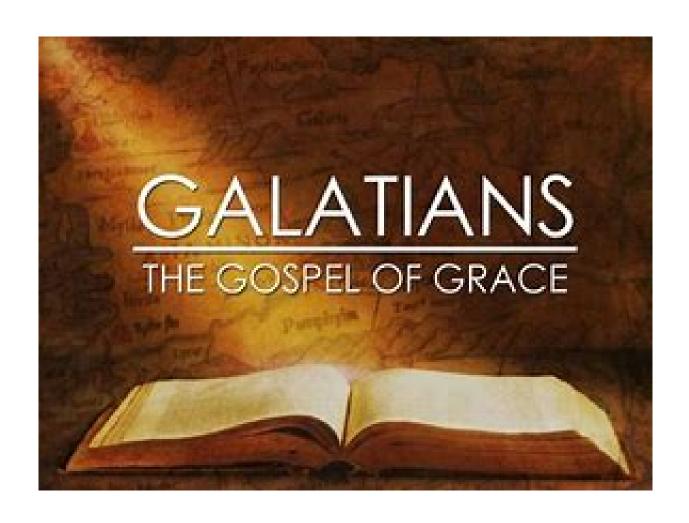
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Gal 3:22-24 The Law as a Jailer & Guardian



Outline*



The Law Had Definite Purpose 3:19-24

- a. The Anticipated Question Why the Law? v19a
- b. Paul's Answer- Added To Show the Sin Nature v19a
- c. The Law's Character v19b-20
- d. Incorrect Conclusion A Law That Imparts Life v21
- e. The Scripture Has Shut Up Mankind v22
- f. The Law as a Jailer v23
- g. The Law as a Guardian v24

Is the Law then contrary to the promises of God? May it never be! For if a law had been given which was able to impart life, then righteousness would indeed have been based on law

- ²² But the Scripture has shut up everyone under sin, so that the promise by faith in Jesus Christ might be given to those who believe.
- ²³ But before faith came, we were kept in custody under the law, being shut up to the faith which was later to be revealed.
- Therefore the Law has become our tutor to lead us to Christ, so that we may be justified by faith.

But the Scripture has shut up everyone under sin, so that the promise by faith in Jesus Christ might be given to those who believe.



But - alla - a contrasting conjunction (strong)

from the context of the previous verse Paul implies that men want a law that will give them life

the strong contrast is now given v:22a!

the Scripture has shut up everyone under sin

the Scripture – God's word has performed the action

The Scripture reveals the mind of God, the will of God, plan of God and the judgment of God*

Psalm 14:1a The fool has said in his heart,
"There is no God." --- 3 They have all turned aside,
together they have become corrupt; There is no
one who does good, not even one.

Rom 3:10 as it is written, "THERE IS NONE RIGHTEOUS, NOT EVEN ONE;

11 THERE IS NONE WHO UNDERSTANDS, THERE IS NONE WHO SEEKS FOR GOD;

12 ALL HAVE TURNED ASIDE, TOGETHER THEY HAVE BECOME USELESS; THERE IS NONE WHO DOES GOOD, THERE IS NOT EVEN ONE."

But the Scripture has shut up everyone under sin, so that the promise by faith in Jesus Christ might be given to those who believe.



has shut up - synkleiō - to shut together, shut in on all sides (the idea is no escape) - past point fact, active voice

lit: shut up = to imprison with no escape

see Luke 5:6 and Rom 11:32 for how this word is used

22

Sg

Luke 5:6 When they had done this, they <u>enclosed</u> a great quantity of fish, and their nets *began* to break;

Romans 11:32 For God has shut up all in disobedience so that He may show mercy to all.

But the Scripture has shut up everyone under sin, so that the promise by faith in Jesus Christ might be given to those who believe.



has shut up <u>everyone under sin</u>

everyone - pas - all things none excluded

so that God's word produces the action of "shut up" or to imprison all mankind

under sin – a prepositional phrase which tells us where man is shut up (or imprisoned)

lit: under the dominion of sin

²² But the Scripture has shut up everyone under sin, so that the promise by faith in Jesus Christ might be given to those who believe.



so that – with a purpose that (God's purpose!)

subject: the promise – from Gal 3:16 Now the promises were spoken to Abraham and to his seed. --- "And to your seed," that is, Christ.

verb: might be given – to bestow, make a gift

It is the free giving of righteousness and life, not because mankind deserves it, but because God in His grace makes it available to all mankind.

Molloy

²² But the Scripture has shut up everyone under sin, so that the promise by faith in Jesus Christ might be given to those who believe.



by faith in Jesus Christ – every gift must be receivedit is received by faith and not doing good works

faith in the person and work of Jesus Christ

to those who believe – this gift is only given to those who believe

those believing have exercised faith in Jesus Christ

But before faith came, we were kept in custody under the law, being shut up to the faith which was later to be revealed.



But before (the) faith came

The first part of the verse tells us about timing of "this custody" under law (as a principle).

What is "the faith" in this context?

The article here identifies the faith mentioned in this verse with the faith spoken of in verse 22, personal faith in Jesus Christ as Savior, exercised in this Age of Grace.

Wuest

Paul pictured Israel before the advent of Christ as a child. The coming of faith (v. 23) is synonymous with the coming

of Christ in Paul's view of salvation history. Constable

the Law vs. law

the Law = with the definite article* is the Mosaic Law - Gal 3:17,19,21a & 24

law - no definite article* and usually lower case I in the Bible text is law as a principle of life (any man-made rules that are believed to obtain righteousness and eternal life) - Gal 3:21b,23

^{*} in the Greek text

²³ But before faith came, <u>we were kept in</u> <u>custody under the law</u>, being shut up to the faith which was later to be revealed.



we were kept in custody - phroureō - a military term,
"to keep by guarding,
to keep under guard,"
as with a garrison
continuous action in past time

2 Cor 11:32 In Damascus --- the king was guarding the city ---

under law we were constantly being guarded

Wuest

un

How does a law system keep us in jail?*

- •a law system guards us so that one cannot get out of prison and bondage (we must keep performing obeying self-made rules for righteousness)
- •a law system can never deliver a person out of bondage

²³ But before faith came, we were kept in custody under the law, <u>being shut up to the faith which was later to be revealed</u>.



being shut up - synkleiō - to shut together, shut in on all sides (the idea is no escape) same verse 22

If you operate under a law system you shut up (or out) operating by faith.

to the faith which was later to be revealed

"the faith" in this context is personal faith in Jesus Christ as Savior, exercised in this Age of Grace (same as in 23a)



So that the Law has been our guardian to* Christ
Interlinear

so that - therefore - based on the previous verses

<u>subject</u>: the Law - with the definite article is the Mosaic Law

verb: has become – ginomai – coming into a new state of being, a state that previously did not exist before (in the perfect tense)

* "to lead us" was added

So that the Law has been our guardian to Christ

Interlinear

guardian* - paidagōgos - lit., "a child-leader" (pais, "a boy, or child," agō, "to lead"); also a guide or guardian to keep a child in line

In the context the idea is that the Law is a guardian (keeping one in line) and not that of a tutor or instructor imparting knowledge.

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In Paul's day, usually a slave assigned to monitor and guard the behavior of a child.

Merryman

*a noun which identifies subject

So that the Law has been our guardian to Christ

Interlinear

our guardian until Christ

Wuest

until Christ – shows that the Law will have a termination point

this is consistent with Gal 3:19 (see below)

Why the Law then? It was added because of transgressions, ---, until the seed would come to whom the promise had been made.

So why have this guardian (guard/policeman)

- This was necessary so that man should know and feel the constraints of the taskmaster in order to welcome the deliverer when He came.
- The Law virtually kept mankind in the position of slaves.



But now God's purpose in having a guardian!

so that – with a purpose that

we may be justified - dikaioō - to show to be right or righteous; in the passive voice, to be justified – Gal 2:16

by faith – the only way to receive God's blessing in Christ