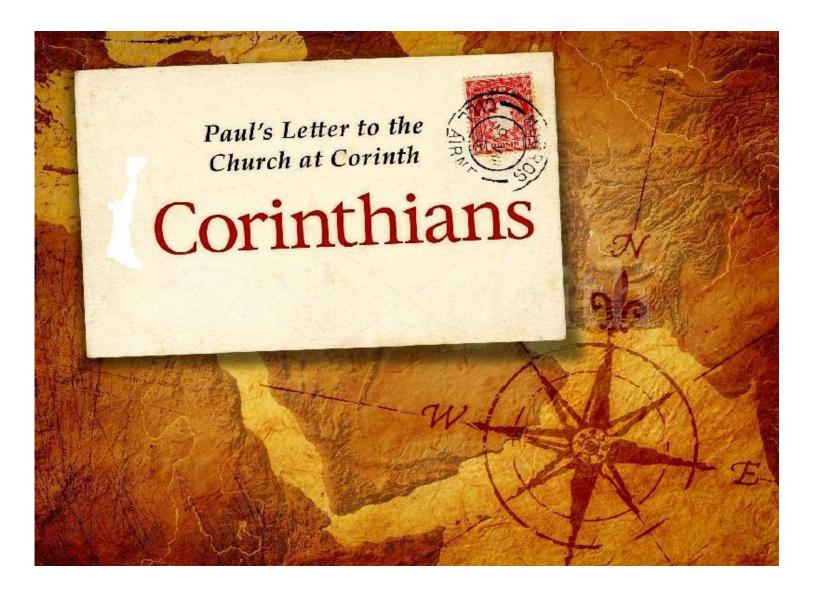
# 1 Cor.13:1-3 Spiritual Gifts and Christ's Love



# **Spiritual Gifts**

- A gift [given in Chp 12] in the spiritual sense means the Holy Spirit is doing a particular service through the believer and using the believer to do it Chafer
- Paul gave us the order of importance of spiritual gifts in the church at Corinth in 12:28:

And God has appointed [set in place] in the church,

- first apostles,
- second prophets,
- third teachers,
- then miracles,
- then gifts of healings,
- helps,
- administrations,
- various kinds of tongues.

gifts. And I show you a still more excellent way.

But earnestly desire the greater gifts

verb – [you] earnestly desire – zello – lit: zealous

- present tense continuous action
- imperative this in a command
- active subject is to perform the action
- 2<sup>nd</sup> person plural
- Verse 31 speaks of the church at Corinth not individual members.
   Merryman

the greater gifts – What are they?

- You as body of believers are to desire the greater gifts.
- The gifts that brought the greater edification to the body were the greater gifts. Merryman



1 Corinthians 12:31 <u>But earnestly desire the greater</u> <u>gifts</u>. And I show you a still more excellent way.

More on greater gifts:

- A CONTRACTOR
- the greater gifts are at the top of the list in 12:28
  - first apostles
  - second prophets
  - third teachers
- also Chp. 14 will tell us more about the greater gifts
- What does the believer need to realize?
- 1 Cor 12:18 But now God has placed the members, each one of them, in the body, just as He desired.
- But as it is, God has placed and arranged the limbs and organs in the body, each [particular one] of them, just as He wished and saw fit and with the best adaptation.

1 Corinthians 12:31 But earnestly desire the greater gifts. And I show you a still more excellent way.

And I show you a still more excellent way. And yet I point out a superexcellent way. Wuest

 starting with part b of this verse Paul will switch to first person – "I"

Subject: I – Paul [will use himself as an example]

Verb: point out - to show by making known

- Dir: Object: a way metaphorically of "a course of conduct"
- a way is described as superexcellent <u>or</u> beyond comparison

1 Corinthians 12:31 But earnestly desire the greater gifts. And I show you a still more excellent way.

more excellent way - continued

- Chapter 13 will tell us of the necessity of love in the exercise of spiritual gifts.
- The spiritual gifts should be in subordination to agape love in the local church. Merryman
- Paul will use himself in Chp 13 to tell us that we are to continuously have this attitude of *agape* love.
- Since tongues was a major issues in Corinth he will tell us that any usage of tongues must be in subordination to love.



### Main Ideas of Chapter 13\*

- Spiritual gifts and their perspective relative to usage.
- Spiritual gifts are to be used relative to love.
- This chapter gives us some of the attitudes that love is to display.
- Paul will delineate what God's love is in this chapter.
- Verses 1-3 gives us the necessity of love in the exercise of spiritual gifts.
- Verses 4-7 gives us the characteristic of God's love displayed [how will I recognize it!].
- Verses 8-13 the permanence of love in contrast to temporality of the spectacular gifts.

ннвс

# Today's Verses

<sup>1</sup> If I speak with the tongues of men and of angels, but do not have love, I have become a noisy gong or a clanging cymbal. <sup>2</sup> If I have the gift of prophecy, and know all mysteries and all knowledge; and if I have all faith, so as to remove mountains, but do not have love, I am nothing.

<sup>3</sup> And if I give all my possessions to feed *the poor,* and if I surrender my body to be burned, but do not have love, it profits me nothing.

ннво

#### Chp 13:1 - 3 Outline\*

The Necessity of Love 13:1-3

1. The First Cycle 13:1

a. The Assumed Condition – speaking in tongues

- b. The Assumed Absence *agape* love
- c. The Certain Result only noisy sounds
- 2. The Second Cycle 13:2

a. The Assumed Condition – gift of prophecy, know all mysteries, all knowledge and all faith
b. The Assumed Absence – agape love
c. The Certain Result – I am nothing

3. The Third Cycle 13:3

a. The Assumed Condition – give all my possessions and give body to be burned
b. The Assumed Absence – agape love
c. The Certain Result – it profits me nothing

\* from McCalley

ннвс

<sup>1</sup> If I speak with the tongues of men and of angels, but do not have love, I have become a noisy gong or a clanging cymbal.



- If I speak with the tongues of men and of angels
- Paul is assuming he probably will do the following (so he can make his point about love):
- 1<sup>st</sup> I speak with tongues of men
- will speak in real language that he does not know
- this was last in the order of spiritual gifts given in 1 Cor 12:28
- 1 Cor 14:18b I [Paul] speak in tongues more than you all [Corinthians]

<sup>1</sup> If I speak with the tongues of men and of angels, but do not have love, I have become a noisy gong or a clanging cymbal.



## 2<sup>nd</sup> – <u>I speak with tongues of angels</u>

- Do angels have their own language?
- Angels do speak in man's language.
- Luke 1:13 But the angel said to him, "Do not be afraid, Zacharias, for your petition has been heard, and your wife Elizabeth will bear you a son, and you will give him the name John.
- It seems best to see this expression as a hyperbole. McCalley

<sup>1</sup> If I speak with the tongues of men and of angels, <u>but</u> <u>do not have love</u>, I have become a noisy gong or a clanging cymbal.



but do not have love

- agape love is assumed to be absent in exercising this spiritual gift
- love agape the characteristic word of Christianity, and since the Spirit of revelation has used it to express ideas previously unknown
   Vine
- it [agapao] expresses the deep and constant "love" and interest of a perfect Being towards entirely unworthy objects,
- producing and fostering a "love" in them [believers] towards the Giver [God]
   Vine

#### More on *agape* love\*:

- all Christian love, according to the Scriptures, is distinctly a manifestation of divine love operating through the human heart.
- because the love of God hath been shed abroad ['poured out,'] in our hearts through [as produced, or caused, by] the Holy Spirit which was given unto us" (Rom 5:8 R.V.).
- This activity, then, is not the working of human affection; it is rather the direct manifestation of the "love of God" passing through the heart of the believer out from the indwelling Spirit.
- A human heart cannot produce divine love, but it can experience it.
   \* Chafer



<sup>1</sup> If I speak with the tongues of men and of angels, but do not have love, <u>I have become a noisy gong or a</u> <u>clanging cymbal.</u>



I have become a noisy gong or a clanging cymbal

- verb: have become ginomai to come into a new state of being – perfect tense
- The words have become are perfect tense, referring to a settled and complete state. McCalley
- a noisy gong or a clanging cymbal
- Gongs and cymbals were common in some of the popular pagan cults of the time. They made much noise but no sense.
   Constable
- Tongues were a gift of the Holy Spirit given to bring the good news to people of a another language.
- But without God's love [agape] this is not possible.

<sup>2</sup> If I have the gift of prophecy, and know all mysteries and all knowledge; and if I have all faith, so as to remove mountains, but do not have love, I am nothing.



- If I have the gift of prophecy
- Paul is again assuming he probably does have the following gifts:
- 1<sup>st</sup> prophecy propheteia the speaking forth of the mind and counsel of God
- 2<sup>nd</sup> know all mysteries mysteries are things that were not previously revealed
- But the word all (pas) indicates supernatural knowledge of mysteries.
- 3<sup>rd</sup> all knowledge The gift of the "word of knowledge" mentioned in 1 Cor 12:8.
- But again the word all (pas) indicates a supernatural amount of knowledge.

<sup>2</sup> If I have *the gift of* prophecy, and know all mysteries and all knowledge; <u>and if I have all faith, so as to</u> <u>remove mountains</u>, but do not have love, I am nothing.



4<sup>th</sup> - if I have all faith, so as to remove mountains Paul is again assuming he probably does have the following gift of faith:

- again it is all (pas) faith
- to remove mountains
- To another [wonder-working] faith by the same [Holy] Spirit. 1 Cor 12:9
- Matt 21:21 And Jesus answered and said to them, "Truly I say to you, if you have faith and do not doubt, --- if you say to this mountain, 'Be taken up and cast into the sea,' it will happen.

<sup>2</sup> If I have *the gift of* prophecy, and know all mysteries and all knowledge; and if I have all faith, so as to remove mountains, <u>but do not have love</u>, I am nothing.



but do not have love

agape love is assumed to be absent in exercising these spiritual gifts

I am nothing

subject complement – nothing is an adjective that describes the subject I

nothing – oudén - it means nothing or not a thing

• I am nothing (a useless nobody). Amplified

- <sup>3</sup> And if I give all my possessions to feed the poor, and integrating I surrender my body to be burned, but do not have love, it profits me nothing.
  - 1<sup>st</sup> And if I give all my possessions to feed *the poor*
  - Even if I dole out all that I have [to the poor in providing] food Amplified
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> if I surrender my body to be burned,
  - if I surrender my body to be burned <u>or</u> in order that I may glory Amplified
  - but do not have love
  - agape love is assumed to be absent in exercising these spiritual gifts

- <sup>3</sup> And if I give all my possessions to feed *the poor,* and if I surrender my body to be burned, but do not have love, it profits me nothing.
  - it profits me nothing
  - I am being profited in not even one thing Weust verb: I am being profited - *ōpheleō* - in the passive: to receive help <u>or</u>
    - to derive profit or advantage
  - in not even one thing *oudén* means in no way, in no respect Mark 5:26 and had endured much at the hands of many physicians, and had spent all that she had and <u>was not</u> <u>helped at all</u>, but rather had grown worse—

# Final Thoughts \*

- The Apostle [Paul] contends that love is supreme and the gift to be desired above all others.
- [And it is] proper that love should be named as the first among the elements which comprise the fruit of the Spirit [love, joy, peace ---].
- Likewise, the superhuman character of divine love is readily apparent.
- Not only is such love [*agape*] beyond human capacity,
- but it is as far removed from the quality of human affection as heaven is higher than the earth. \* Chafer