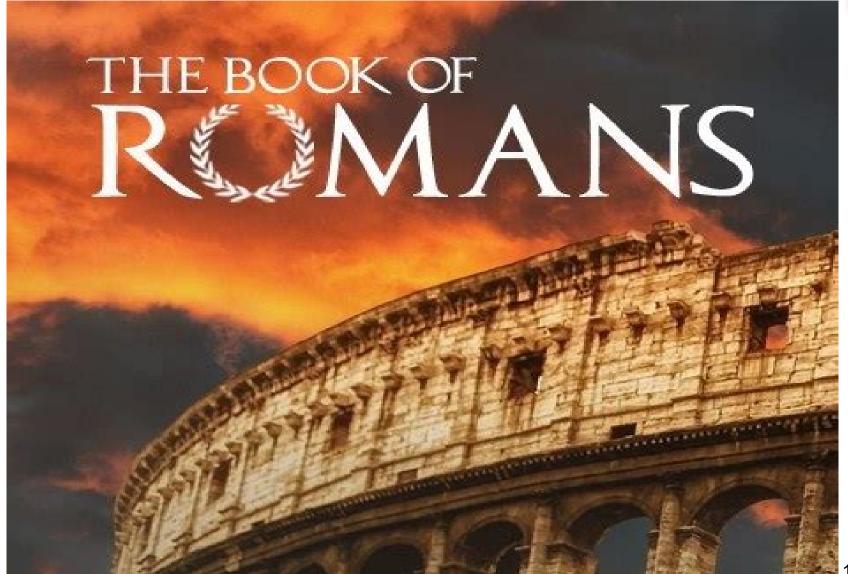
Rom 8:12-13 Danger – Living According to the Flesh!





- flesh (sarx) has a threefold usage in the NT:*
- term flesh refers only to the material part of man.
- alent to its synonym: body.
- s meaning refers to humanity's relationships and
- ons. 1 Peter 1:24a For, All flesh is like grass.
- word flesh is that which is wholly restricted to
- terial [spiritual] part of man.
- element in man which is spoken of both the
- nerate and the regenerate.
- oosed to God and godliness.
- pe defined as a fallen nature, a disposition to sin.
- minds on phroneo a verb, which describes
- of the mind to be minded in a certain way
- nronēma a noun, which has to do with
- vhat is in your mind, lit: thought, purpose

Overview of Rom 8:5

t

For

subject

those who are [continually exist] according to the flesh

verb

"set their minds on"
[think about]
phroneo

direct object

the things of the flesh

But

subject

those who are [continually exist] according to the Spirit

verb

"set their minds on" [think about] phroneo

direct object

the things of the Spirit

Overview of Rom 8:6

Now we are given the results of each mind set



For

the "mind"

phronema

set on

[belonging to]

the flesh

[is]

death
[separation]

But

the "mind"

phronema

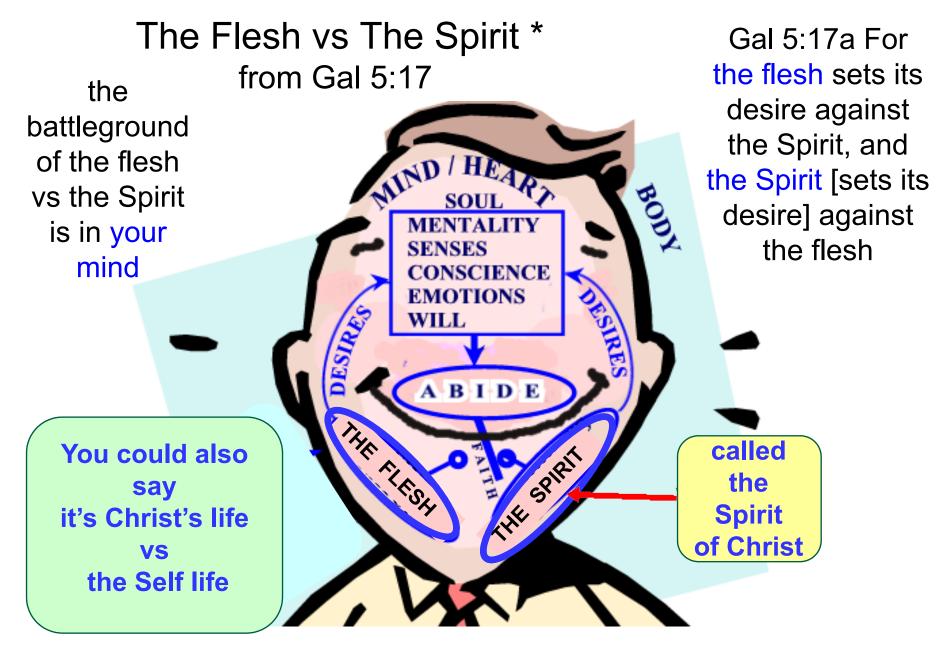
set on

[belonging to]

the Spirit

[is]

life and peace

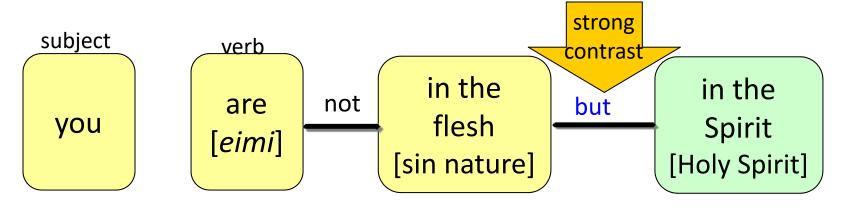


^{*} edited from H. Molloy

9 However, you are not in the flesh but in the Spirit, if indeed Spirit of God dwells in you. But if anyone does not not have the Spirit of Christ, he does not belong to Him.

however - de – in contrast to (what Paul said in Rom 7)

Rom 7:5a For while we were in the flesh (in past time)



- you are not in your sin nature from Adam
- but you are now in this <u>living union</u> with the Holy Spirit
- if indeed [since] the Spirit of God dwells in you
- dwells to inhabit as one's home
- 1 John 4:13 By this we know that we abide in Him and He in us, because He has given us of His Spirit.

⁹ However, you are not in the flesh but in the Spirit, if indeed Spirit of God dwells in you. <u>But if anyone does not have the Spector of Christ</u>, he does not belong to Him.

but – de – in the sense added information if – assumed to be true anyone does not have the Spirit of Christ

- The indwelling of the Holy Spirit is true of all believers
- So the Holy Spirit is called the Spirit of Christ or the Spirit of God in this verse

[then] he does not belong to Him

- lit: this one is not of Him [of God]
- is not this is the negative of verb eimi the state in which someone continually exists
- so you <u>must</u> have the Holy Spirit to be of Him

¹⁰ If Christ is in you, though the body is dead because of sin, yet the spirit is alive because of righteousness.

If – assumed to be true

Christ [is]

in
[union with]
you

- This is a statement of fact about every believer
- Gal 2:20a I have been crucified with Christ; and it is no longer I who live, but Christ lives in me;

on the one hand - the body is dead on account of sin

 The indwelling sin nature is the reason the body is dead (1 Cor 15:22 For as in Adam all die, so also in Christ all will be made alive.)

on the other hand - the Spirit life, because of righteousness

- The Spirit has taken his abode in you
- The Holy Spirit is the source of spiritual life for the redeemed person who possesses Christ's righteousness

But if the Spirit of Him who raised Jesus from the dead dwells in you, He who raised Christ Jesus from the dead will also give life to your mortal bodies through His Spirit who dwells in you.



but or and – more details of the "indwelling Holy Spirit"
if [assumed to be true]

the Spirit of Him [God] having raised [factual event]

Jesus from the dead

dwells in you

- Gal 1:1 Paul, an apostle (not sent from men nor through the agency of man, but through Jesus Christ and God the Father, who raised Him from the dead).
- dwells to inhabit as one's home same as verse 9

¹¹ But if the Spirit of Him who raised Jesus from the dead dwells in you, <u>He who raised Christ Jesus from the dead will also give life to your mortal bodies through His Spirit who dwells in you.</u>



He who raised Christ Jesus from the dead [God the Father]

will also give life

mortal
[subject
to death]
bodies

through
His Spirit
who dwells
in you.

give life - zōopoieō - to make alive, cause to live (future)

- The future resurrection of the believer's body is in view here, as the context indicates

 Wuest
- A reference to the fact that the Spirit will quicken [make alive] that body in resurrection from the dead*

Today's Verses



¹² So then, brethren, we are under obligation, not to the flesh, to live according to the flesh—

¹³ for if you are living according to the flesh, you must die; but if by the Spirit you are putting to death the deeds of the body, you will live.

12 So then, brethren, we are under obligation, not to the flesh, to live according to the flesh—



So then <u>or</u> therefore

brethren - adelphos - in the plural, a fellowship of life based on identity of origin - members of the same family

- Paul uses this term when he wants to stress fellowship
- we are eimi the state in which someone or some thing continuously exists (present, indicative, active)
- So Paul includes himself and all believers
- under obligation opheiletēs debtor; one held by some obligation, bound to some duty
- now Paul will state two truths about the believer's flesh [sin nature] and his Christian walk

¹² So then, brethren, we are under obligation, not to the flesh, to live according to the flesh—

- 1st [we are under obligation] not to the flesh [sin nature]
- so we are to reckon [consider] ourselves dead [separated] from the sin nature – not debtors! Rom 6:11
- 2nd to live according to the flesh
- to live zao to live in any way, to pass one's life in any manner (positively or negatively) according to – kata – according to a norm or standard to the flesh – by context this is the sin nature
- Since the saint is not within the sphere of evil nature*, and since he is within the sphere of the Holy Spirit, he is <u>under</u> no obligation to the evil nature to live under its dominion.

Wuest *we have been separated from it

for or indeed - connects to we are [a believer] in v 12

now, more information on the believer and the flesh

If – assumed to be true – you are doing this!

you are living - zao - to live in any way, to pass one's life in any manner (present tense – cont. action)

according to - kata - according to a norm or standard of what follows

to the flesh – by context this is the sin nature

you must die – you are destined to die Interlinear (present, active – you do it!)

you are destined-mello- you are going to, used of necessity

• John 11:51b but being high priest that year, he [Caiaphas] prophesied that Jesus was going to die for the nation.

to die – apothnēskō – both spiritual and physical death temporal spiritual death [separation]:

- This separation is a break in fellowship between the believer and Christ*
- When you are out of fellowship you are in the area of death (or darkness)*
- If we say that we have fellowship with Him and <u>yet walk in the</u> <u>darkness</u> we lie and do not practice the truth -1 Jn 1:6
- Same believer as in verse 9 who positionally is in Christ*

* edited Merryman

but – de – in contrast to living according to flesh
 if – assumed to be true
 by the Spirit – the Holy Spirit
 you are putting to death – thanatoō - mortify (make to die) (present, indictive, active)

present tenses – the continuous action of a believer

indictive – reality in the believer's life

active – the believer is performing the action of the verb

- you are habitually putting to death Wuest
- next we are told "what he is putting to death"

[putting to death] the deeds of the body

- deeds praxis a deed the action of which is looked upon as incomplete and in progress an act or practice
- Col 3:9 Do not lie to one another, since you laid aside "the old self" with its evil practices.

of the body

- since these deeds are considered evil practices we see a parallel in the following verse:
- Gal 5:19 Now the <u>deeds of the flesh</u> are evident, which are: immorality, impurity, sensuality.

you will live

this life is Christ's life as we are told in Gal 2:20

- So you could summarize verse 13b from Rom 6:
- Rom 6:6 knowing this, that our old self was crucified with Him, in order that our body of sin might be done away with [taken offline], so that we would no longer be slaves to sin.
- Rom 6:11 Even so consider [reckon] yourselves to be dead to [the] sin, but alive to God in Christ Jesus.
- Chafer says to mortify the "deeds of the body" is the idea to reckon [them] to be dead.

Final Thoughts*



- In Rom. 8:5-13, the fundamental problem of whether the flesh or the Spirit of God shall dominate the believer's life is carried to its logical end.
- Specifically, to live according to the flesh is to be in the way of death,
- And to live according to the Spirit is to be in the way of life with its victory over the flesh.
- It is not asserted that Christians are in danger of spiritual death,
- But it is nevertheless true that they may live in the realms in which those who are spiritually dead live [an unbeliever].
- They may indulge in the "deeds of the body."

 * Chafer